The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

 A method of compensating mask/reticle data for lithographic process distortions, comprising the acts of:

reading a first set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one feature to be created lithographically;

performing a simulation of the etch effects that would occur if a wafer is created using a mask/reticle corresponding to the first set of mask/reticle data;

using the results of the etch simulation to create a second set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one new or modified feature to be created lithographically; and

performing optical process correction (OPC) using the second set of mask/reticle data as an input to create a third set of mask/reticle data.

- The method of Claim 1, comprising the additional act of exporting the third set of mask/reticle data to a mask/reticle writer to manufacture a corresponding mask/reticle.
- The method of Claim 1, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a set of predetermined rules for the etch process.
- 4. The method of Claim 1, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a table of predetermined values for the etch process.
- A method of compensating mask/reticle data for lithographic process distortions, comprising the acts of:

reading a first set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one feature to be created lithographically;

performing a simulation of the etch effects that would occur if a wafer is created using a mask/reticle corresponding to the first set of mask/reticle data;

calculating etch biases from the etch simulation result; and

applying the etch biases within an optical process correction (OPC) loop that adjusts the mask/reticle data for optical/resist process distortions.

- The method of Claim 5, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a set of predetermined rules for the etch process.
- The method of Claim 5, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a table of predetermined values for the etch process.
- 8. A computer readable media having a sequence of programmed instructions stored thereon that when executed by a computer causes the computer to perform the acts of:

reading a first set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one feature to be created lithographically;

performing a simulation of the etch effects that would occur if a wafer is created using a mask/reticle corresponding to the first set of mask/reticle data and using the results of the etch simulation to create a second set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one new or modified feature to be created lithographically; and

performing optical process corrections on the second set of mask/reticle data.

- 9. The computer-readable media of Claim 8, wherein the sequence of programmed instructions causes the computer to export OPC corrected mask/reticle data to a mask/reticle data to manufacture a corresponding mask/reticle.
- 10. The computer readable media of Claim 8, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a set of predetermined rules for the etch process.
- 11. The computer readable media of Claim 8, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a table of predetermined values for the etch process.

12. A computer readable media having a sequence of programmed instructions stored thereon that when executed by a computer causes the computer to perform the acts of:

reading a first set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one feature to be created lithographically;

performing a simulation of etch effects that would occur if a wafer is created with a mask/reticle corresponding to the first set of mask/reticle data;

calculating etch biases from the etch simulation; and

applying the etch biases in an optical process correction (OPC) loop that adjusts the mask/reticle data for optical/resist process distortions.

- 13. The computer readable media of Claim 12, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a set of predetermined rules for the etch process.
- 14. The computer readable media of Claim 12, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a table of predetermined values for the etch process.
- 15. A method of producing data for a lithographic mask/reticle, comprising the acts of:

receiving a set of data for a target layer that defines a pattern of objects to be created lithographically;

performing an etch simulation of a wafer formed in accordance with the target layer data:

calculating an error in the pattern of objects formed on the wafer as a result of etch distortions:

using the error to produce a second set of data defining a new target layer; and

providing the data for the new target layer as an input to an optical process correction (OPC) algorithm to produce data for a mask/reticle that, when used in a

lithographic process, will produce a set of objects on a wafer that substantially matches the new target layer.

- The method of Claim 15, wherein the optical process correction algorithm corrects the third set of data for optical and resists distortions.
- In the method of Claim 15, wherein the optical process correction algorithm simulates optical process distortions in a lithographic process; and

adjusting the third set of data that defines a pattern of objects to be created lithographically until a simulation of a pattern created lithographically from the third set of data substantially matches the new target layer.

- 18. The method of Claim 15, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a set of predetermined rules for the etch process.
- 19. The method of Claim 15, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a table of predetermined values for the etch process.
 - 20. A device that is formed on a wafer created by the acts of:

reading a first set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one feature to be created lithographically;

performing a simulation of the etch effects that would occur if a wafer is created using a mask/reticle corresponding to the first set of mask/reticle data;

using the results of the etch simulation to create a second set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one new or modified feature to be created lithographically;

performing optical process correction (OPC) using the second set of mask/reticle data as an input to create a third set of mask/reticle data;

exporting the third set of mask/reticle data to a mask/reticle writer to manufacture a corresponding mask/reticle; and

using the mask/reticle to create the device on the wafer.

 The device of Claim 20, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a set of predetermined rules for the etch process.

- 22. The device of Claim 20, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a table of predetermined values for the etch process.
 - 23. A device that is formed on a wafer created by the acts of:

reading a first set of mask/reticle data that defines at least one feature to be created lithographically;

performing a simulation of the etch effects that would occur if a wafer is created using a mask/reticle corresponding to the first set of mask/reticle data;

calculating etch biases from the etch simulation result;

applying the etch biases within an optical process correction (OPC) loop that adjusts the mask/reticle data for optical/resist process distortions;

exporting the adjusted mask/reticle data to a mask/reticle writer to create a corresponding mask/reticle; and

using the mask/reticle to create the device on a wafer.

- 24. The device of Claim 23, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a set of predetermined rules for the etch process.
- 25. The device of Claim 23, in which the step of performing a simulation includes accessing a table of predetermined values for the etch process.